Anatomy	&	Ph	ysio	logy
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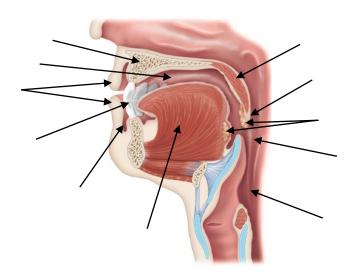
Name:	Period

Structure of Mouth, Pharynx, and Esophagus WS

Structures of the Mouth, Pharynx, and Esophagus

Instructions: Using the word options listed below, label the major structures of the respiratory system. (11 pts)

A. Tonsils B. Oral Cavity C. Vestibule D. Hard palate E. Uvula F. Soft palate G. Oropharynx H. Tongue I. Lips (Labia) J. Teeth K. Laryngopharynx



Instructions: Using the following choices, match the appropriate term to its correct description by placing the correct letter/word in the blank. (13 pts)

A. Mouth B. Libs (labia) C. Cheeks D. Hard Palate E. Soft Palate F. Uvula G. Vestibule H. Oral Cavity Proper I. Tongue J. Tonsils K. Teeth L. Lingual frenulum M. Taste Buds

 _ 1. Function is to masticate (chew) food into smaller fragments
 _ 2. The space between lips externally and teeth and gums internally
 _ 3. Forms the anterior roof of oral cavity and separates it from the nasal cavity
 _ 4. Secures the tongue to the floor of the mouth to limits posterior movement
 _ 5. Form the lateral walls of the mouth
 $_$ 6. A fleshy projection of the soft palate often seen dangling in back of mouth
 _ 7. A mucous membrane lined cavity also called the oral cavity
 _ 8. Strong muscle that occupies the floor of the mouth
 _ 9. Lymphatic tissue that helps fight infection
 _ 10. Forms the posterior roof of the oral cavity and separates it from the nasal
cavity
 _11. Area of the mouth contained by the teeth
 _12. Protect the anterior opening of the mouth
 _ 13. Located on the tongue and allow us to differentiate between sweet, salty
sour, and bitter.

Structure & Function of Teeth

Using the following characteristics correct letter/word in	noices, match the appropr the blank (6 pts)	iate term to its	correct description	by placing the		
	B. Permanent C. Incisor	D. Canines . Molars	E. Wisdom teeth	F. Premolars		
	1. Also called your third	d molars that e	emerge between ag	ges 17-25		
	2. Fanglike teeth for te	aring or piecin	g			
	3. Also known as your baby or milk teeth and appear around 6 months of					
	age					
	4. Teeth that replace baby teeth between ages 6 and 12 a results in 32					
	teeth in a full set.					
	5a. Broad crowns used	I for crushing &	grinding (2 answer	s)		
	5b					
	6. Chisel-shaped adap	ted for cutting				